# SCHOOL FOR CULTURAL AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION DIVISION OF GENDER STUDIES

#### Retention, Promotion, and Tenure (RPT) Statement for Tenure-line Faculty

#### **Revision 2: Updated Dates**

Approved by Division Tenure-line Faculty: April 19, 2023

Approved by Dean: April 19, 2023

Approved by Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee on April 28, 2023

Approved SeniorVice President on May 9, 2023, for implementation on July 1, 2023.

#### **Revision 1: Non-Substantive Updates**

Approved by Division Tenure-line Faculty: April 12, 2022

Approved by Dean: July 20, 2022

Approved SeniorVice President on July 4, 2022, for implementation on July 1, 2022.

#### **Revision 0: Original Submission**

Approved by Division Tenure-line Faculty: January 16, 2019

Approved by Dean: February 26, 2019

Approved by Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee on March 1, 2019 and the Senior

Vice President on March 1, 2019, for implementation on January 1, 2019.

This document serves as the Division's Statement of RPT criteria, standards, evidence and procedures required by University Policy. This Statement along with relevant University Policies—Policy 6-303, found at <a href="http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-303.php">http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-303.php</a>, and Policy 6-311, found at <a href="http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-311.php">http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-311.php</a>—govern the retention, promotion, and tenure process.

# **Mission of Division**

The University of Utah Gender Studies Division offers a space for the study of a wide range of feminist thought and practices. The curriculum offers theory and practice (community-engaged learning); activism and professional development; lively debate and professional skill building. The Division fosters intellectual rigor and practical application for students as they pursue their passions.

The mission of the Division of Gender Studies is to provide a quality graduate and undergraduate education in gender scholarship, to promote an integration of this scholarship and research into the university curriculum, to encourage new pedagogies, and to foster the growth of an interdisciplinary community of scholars who are interested in gender as a category of analysis.

The Division provides students with the tools of academic analysis so that they may explore the significance of gender and sexuality as crucial components in the organization of personal lives and social institutions. To this end, the courses offered by Gender Studies re-evaluate the assumptions at work in traditional disciplines as they study individuals, cultures, social institutions, policy and other areas of scholarly inquiry. In these ways, the Division prepares students for graduate work and professional studies (e.g., Law or Medical School) and for employment in professional and community organizations.

# **Table of Contents**

Mi	ssior	n of Division	1			
1.	Eff	ffective Date and Application to Existing Faculty				
2.	Sin	Single-appointment, Joint-appointment, and Shared-appointment Faculty				
3.	Inf	Formal and Formal Reviews	5			
3	3.1	Timing of Reviews and Length of Probationary Period	5			
	a.	Timing.	5			
	b.	Normal probationary period.	5			
-	Γable	e 1: Normal Review Schedule	5			
	c.	Shortening or extending the probationary period.	6			
3	3.2 Informal Reviews					
3	3.3 Triggering Formal Retention Reviews					
3	3.4 Candidates Hired at the Rank of Associate Professor or Professor without Tenure					
3	3.5 R	equest for Promotion to Rank of Professor	6			
4.	RP	T Criteria and Standards	7			
2	4.1 Summary of RPT Standards		7			
	Retention		7			
	Tenure		7			
	Associate Professor:		7			
	Pro	ofessor:	7			
2	4.2 Evaluation of Research/Creative Activity					
	a.	Description of research/creative activity.	8			
	b.	Research/creative activity funding.	9			
	c.	Summary rating scale for research/creative activity.	9			
2	4.3 E	valuation of Teaching	10			
	a.	Description of teaching.	10			
2	4.4 Evaluation of Service		11			
	a.	Description of service.	11			
	b.	Summary rating scale for service	12			
5.	RP	T Procedures	12			
4	5.1 Participants		12			
4	5.2 Informal Review Procedures		13			
	a.	Purpose of informal reviews	13			
	b.	First-Year Informal Review	13			
	c.	Informal Reviews after the First Year	14			

5.3 F	Formal Review Procedures	. 15			
a.	Division Chair Responsibilities	. 15			
b.	Meeting and Report of Student RPT Advisory Committee (RPT-SAC)	15			
c. Assignment by RPT Advisory Committee Chair					
d. Peer Teaching Reviewers					
e. External Evaluators					
f.	RPT File Contents and File Closing Date	. 16			
g.	Candidate's Rights to Comment on File	. 17			
h.	Division RPT Advisory Committee Meeting and Subsequent Steps	. 17			
Append	dix A: RPT File Contents	. 19			
Canc	Candidate's Responsibility				
Division's Responsibility					
	dix B: Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee and Senior Vice President Notices of Approval				
Append	dix C: Senior Vice President Revision 1 Approval	. 22			
1 1	dix D: Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee and Senior Vice President Notices of	22			

# 1. Effective Date and Application to Existing Faculty

The RPT criteria, standards, evidence, and procedures contained in this Statement are effective as of January 1, 2019. Existing tenured shared-appointment faculty may choose, until December 31, 2017, to hold tenure in the Gender Studies Division. Faculty will continue to hold tenure in their home department and thus will be joint appointments. Existing shared appointment faculty are not permitted to move to hold tenure only in Gender Studies. To request to hold tenure in Gender Studies, the faculty member shall request the Gender Studies Chair submit a request to the Senior Vice President for Faculty Affairs. After December 31, 2017 any tenured shared-appointment faculty who wish to hold tenure in Gender Studies may request to do so, but will be required to follow the full process of review within Gender Studies and according to RPT guidelines as outlined below for single-appointment faculty.

With the exception of those candidates seeking promotion to Professor (see below), shared-appointment candidates whose tenure is held by another academic unit and whose appointments began prior to this date who are reviewed for retention, promotion, or tenure by their tenure-holding unit will have the option of choosing to have their research/creative activity, teaching, and service evaluated for the purposes of the Gender Studies letter to be included in their file under either (1) the prior Gender Studies Program RPT General Policy Statement that was in place at the time of their appointment or (2) this new Statement. This Statement will apply unless the candidate's choice of the prior requirements is communicated to the Division Chair and Dean by signed letter before review materials are sent to evaluators for external evaluations. Upon a positive decision, their tenure and rank, if they choose and in accordance with the previous provision for currently tenured shared-appointment faculty, will become effective in both the home departmentand the Gender Studies Division.

All candidates who will be reviewed or evaluated for promotion to the rank of Professor after the effective date of this Statement will be reviewed or evaluated according to the Statement and requirements in effect at the time review materials are sent to external evaluators.

# 2. Single-appointment, Joint-appointment, and Shared-appointment Faculty

*Single-appointment* faculty members are those whose tenure is held entirely by the Division of Gender Studies.

Per Policy 6-319 (<a href="http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-319.php">http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-319.php</a>), joint-appointment faculty members are reviewed and subsequently hold tenure in both the Division of Gender Studies and another academic unit. Both informal and formal reviews take place separately and in parallel unless a memorandum of understanding lays out a process for collaboration between the two academic units during RPT reviews. When timeline or process conflict between the two appointing units, a memorandum of understanding regarding how to handle that conflict must be developed and included with the offer letter.

Per Policy 6-001(<a href="http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-001.php">http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-001.php</a>), shared-appointment faculty members are reviewed for and subsequently hold tenure entirely in one academic unit (either the Division of Gender Studies or another academic unit), but a Shared-Appointment Agreement states the percentage of the faculty member's work that is shared with the other academic unit. The process for the shared-appointment unit's participation in the review process is described in

6-001 and 6-303 (<a href="http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-303.php">http://regulations.utah.edu/academics/6-303.php</a>) and in the RPT Statement of the academic unit in which the faculty member's tenure line resides.

The Division of Gender Studies faculty may be made up of any or all of these types of candidates.

This Statement applies to all candidates for whom a portion of their tenure-line is held by the Division of Gender Studies. For shared-appointment faculty members whose tenure is held by another academic unit, the Division of Gender Studies follows the *procedures* as described in the tenure-line holding unit's RPT Statement and in Policies 6-001 and 6-303; and, during that process, the Division of Gender Studies *evaluates* the candidate's research/creative activity, teaching, and service based on the criteria and standards described in Section 4 of this Statement, below, so as to provide an advisory report to the tenure-line holding unit.

# 3. <u>Informal and Formal Reviews</u>

#### 3.1 Timing of Reviews and Length of Probationary Period

- a. <u>Timing.</u> To ensure the continued quality performance of faculty members and to make decisions about retention, promotion, and tenure, the Division will conduct either informal or formal reviews of its tenure-track candidates in each year of their probationary period as indicated in Table 1 below.
- b. <u>Normal probationary period</u>. The normal probationary period for a candidate appointed at the rank of assistant professor is seven years. The normal probationary period for a candidate appointed without tenure at the rank of Associate Professor or Professor is five years.

Candidates with a seven-year probationary period undergo one formal mid-probationary retention review, in the fourth year. Candidates with a five-year probationary period undergo one formal mid-probationary retention review, in the third year. The Department shall conduct either a formal or an informal review of a candidate in each year of their probationary period (as indicated in Table 1 below). Additionally, the Division shall conduct a formal review of each candidate for tenure (and typically also for promotion) in the final year of the probationary period.

**Table 1: Normal Review Schedule** 

Rank at Appointment	Year of Informal Review	Year of Formal Review
Assistant Professor	$1^{st}$ , $2^{nd}$ , $3^{rd}$ , $5^{th}$ , $6^{th}$	4 <sup>th</sup> , 7 <sup>th</sup>
Associate Professor and Professor (appointed without tenure)	1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 4 <sup>th</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup>

If a tenure-track faculty member does not demonstrate clearly adequate progress to the reviewers in an informal review, an early formal review may be "triggered" by the Division's RPT Advisory Committee or by the Division Chair, according to University

Policy.

c. Shortening or extending the probationary period. Candidates may request early tenure reviews (i.e., *shortening* the otherwise applicable probationary period) on the grounds described in and by following the procedures provided for in University Policy. Because early review cases require a candidate either to have qualifying prior service or to have made truly extraordinary progress, few requests are made and few are granted. Candidates are therefore encouraged to consult with the Division Chair and the Dean and senior colleagues before requesting an early tenure review.

If the candidate has had an authorized *extension* of the probationary period (e.g., for medical orparental leave), the years of the formal retention review and the mandatory review for tenure shall be adjusted accordingly. Extensions of the probationary period authorized by University Policies may postpone formal reviews, but informal reviews will occur in any year in which a formal review is not held.

#### 3.2 Informal Reviews

Informal reviews provide constructive feedback on progress and guidance on RPT expectations to candidates. A primary function of the informal review is to provide advice in developing the file that will be made available for the formal review process, with due attention to the materials appropriate to each of the three areas of evaluation: research/creative activity; teaching; and service to the profession, university, and public.

## 3.3 Triggering Formal Retention Reviews

If, in the context of an informal review in which the candidate does not demonstrate clearly adequate progress, the Division Chair or a majority of the RPT Advisory Committee members votes to conduct a formal review, a "triggered" formal review shall occur the following fall unless a majority of the Committee votes to proceed with the review in the current academic year. Such a review, however, must not be conducted sooner than 30 days after written notice of the review is provided to the candidate. A triggered formal review shall include external evaluator letters unless a majority of the Committee votes that quality and quantity of research/creative activity is not at issue in the review.

#### 3.4 Candidates Hired at the Rank of Associate Professor or Professor without Tenure

The Division typically does not appoint new tenure-line faculty members at or promote current tenure-line faculty to the Associate Professor or Professor rank without the concurrent granting of tenure. Under appropriate exceptional circumstances, however, a new faculty member may be appointed at the rank of Associate Professor or Professor or a current tenure-track faculty member may be promoted to Associate Professor without the immediate granting of tenure.

#### 3.5 Request for Promotion to Rank of Professor

The Division does not require any minimum number of years subsequent to granting of tenure or promotion to Associate Professor before a candidate may be considered eligible for promotion to Professor. In general, however, such requests are not made until the time of one's first tenured faculty review, which occurs five years after one is tenured. All activities at the University of

Utah since the initial granting of the rank of Associate Professor and tenure shall count towards promotion to the rank of Professor.

# 4. RPT Criteria and Standards

A faculty member's stature is based on an assessment of achievements in the area of faculty responsibility and the three functions of faculty members, which are referred to as criteria in University Policy: (1) research/creative activity, (2) teaching, and (3) service. Summary ratings of performance in each of these three areas serve as the standards for retention, promotion, and tenure. University Policy identifies a three-level scale of standards for evaluating performance: excellent, effective, and not satisfactory.

The criteria and standards for retention during the probationary period, for tenure, and for promotion to each rank are listed here. Implicit in the criteria and standards for each stage of advancement is the concept that accomplishments in one area do not compensate for substandard performance in another area. The same criteria and standards apply to both formal and informal reviews. Evaluations of a candidate's performance are based on the *evidence* provided in the RPT file, as described in subsequent sections.

Per <u>Policy 6-303</u>, in carrying out their duties in research/creative activity, teaching, and service, faculty members are expected to demonstrate the ability and willingness to perform as responsible members of the faculty, as defined in the Faculty Code (<u>Policy 6-316</u>). Therefore, assessments of research/creative activity, teaching, and service may consider the candidate's conduct as a responsible member of the faculty, based on the evidence in the file. Diversity is a core value of the University as expressed in the University's Mission Statement. In addition, as articulated in the 2025 Strategy Refresh, the University defines equity, diversity, and inclusion as key elements of research/creative activity, teaching, and service. This Division shares this mission and these values.

#### 4.1 Summary of RPT Standards

<u>Retention</u>: A candidate for retention must demonstrate *reasonable potential* for meeting the standards established for tenure.

<u>Tenure</u>: A candidate for tenure must achieve ratings of *excellent* in research/creative activity, at least sustained *effectiveness* in teaching, and at least sustained *effectiveness* inservice. The evidence presented must also demonstrate that the candidate has the ability to achieve the requirements for the rank of Professor in due course.

Associate Professor: A candidate for promotion to this rank must have developed at least sustained effectiveness with a broad reputation for high quality research/creative activity; demonstrated sustained effectiveness in teaching; and performed effective service in some combination of university, public, and professional settings. The evidence presented must also demonstrate that the candidate has the ability to achieve the requirements for the rank of Professor in due course.

<u>Professor:</u> A candidate for promotion to this rank must achieve ratings of *sustained excellence* in research/creative activity resulting in a national and international reputation in their field, at least *sustained effectiveness* in teaching, and at least *sustained effectiveness* in service. The evidence

must demonstrate continuing professional growth at a level appropriate to the rank of Professor.

# 4.2 Evaluation of Research/Creative Activity

Judgments about a candidate's research/creative activity are based on the quantity and quality of research/creative activity and on its relevance to the academic community. The Division values co-authored research/creative activity, but also recognizes the more substantial contribution when the candidate has primary or equal responsibility for the research/creative activity as opposed to when they play a secondary or tertiary role.

The characteristics of productive research/creative activity differ depending on the candidate's area(s) of specialization and professional goals. Assessments of faculty research/creative activity in the RPT process reflect professional judgments that take into account the quality and quantity of contributions and the professional context of the candidate. This statement intends to define research/creative activity flexibly enough to reflect the wide variety of research/creative activities typically conducted by Gender Studies faculty. This Division values all three types of research/creative activity described below; candidates may participate in only one type of research/creative activity, or in any combination of these types of research/creative activity

#### a. Description of research/creative activity.

- 1) Assessment Factors.
  - a. *Quantity*. The Division values a series of research outcomes over time that represents research in one or more topic areas as part of a coherent research program. While a specific number of research activities and outcomes is not mandated, the Division recognizes that a record of active and ongoing production and dissemination of research is one measure of accomplishment and is an important sign of substantive exploration and ongoing engagement with the field.
  - b. *Quality*. High quality research contributes to *the creation of new knowledge*; has a significant *impact*, particularly at the national and/or international level; and appears in *top-ranked peer-reviewed venues*. Distinction in research does not require that a candidate's research always represent the highest levels within all of these aspects of quality. Rather, overall excellence may be achieved through a variety of examples of disseminated research that may differ with respect to these dimensions of quality. Quality is more important than quantity at all levels.
- 2) Types of Research/Creative Activity.
  - a. *Scholarly research* includes published work in any of the established disciplinary areas (i.e., arts, humanities, social sciences, sciences, health sciences), as well as interdisciplinary and innovative work within or across these areas. It is disseminated through peer-reviewed print or electronic publications (books, journal articles, book chapters, and/or equivalent contexts). Evidence of final acceptance of a manuscript by a press or journal shall be deemed the equivalent of publication.
  - b. Creative research includes, but is not limited to, artistic works (e.g., painting,

sculpture, ceramics, printmaking); performance; participation in the production process of a performance (e.g., director, dramaturg, conductor); performance, production, or publication of original works (e.g., music compositions, choreography, screenplays, fiction, creative writing, poetry); film, media, or other technology works; and other generative or interpretive work. It must be public and of significant stature, subject to peer review, and under the purview of other professionals in the relevant field. In addition, creative research must be disseminated through production or presentation of the work in a credible venue that is appropriate to its genre, or through equivalent contexts. Creative research made in collaboration with other artists and scholars to support a singular work of art, particularly where each participant plays a unique and significant role in the research process, is viewed as equal to work made solely by one individual. Collaboration as a means to expand artistic vision and research possibilities is both valued and supported.

c. Community-based research (CBR) takes place in community settings and involves community members in the design and implementation of research projects. Such activities should demonstrate respect for the contributions made by community partners, respect for the principle of "do no harm," and engagement with relevant literature(s). CBR research must be disseminated publicly and have an impact beyond those who participated in the research. Evidence may include, but is not limited to: (i) publication of peer-reviewed print or electronic books, journal articles, book chapters, or other equivalent publications, (ii) creative research disseminated in a credible venue that is appropriate to its genre, or through equivalent contexts. In addition, the following forms of dissemination may serve as the centerpiece of CBR research when produced in some combination with items (i) and/or (ii) above: (iii) development of new reports for or policies in community-based organizations, social service agencies, governmental programs, or other relevant organizational entities, (iv) improved quality of life in the community, and/or (v) transference of knowledge in the researcher's field to the community(s) served and vice versa.

#### b. Research/creative activity funding.

Acquiring funding to support research/creative activity is valued by the University and this Division and is necessary to sustain the research mission of the University. All successful as well as unsuccessful efforts to obtain such funding will be considered as contributing positively toward one's research.

c. Summary rating scale for research/creative activity.

Ratings on the three-point scale below reflect the joint consideration of quantity and quality of research/creative activity as described above.

*Excellent*: The candidate has made substantial, sustained contributions in one or more topic areas of research/creative activity. The quality and quantity of research/creative activity reflect a coherent agenda in at least one topic area. In addition, there is evidence that the candidate's research/creative activity has originality, depth, and/or impact.

Effective: The candidate has made acceptable, sustained contributions in one or more topic areas of research/creative activity. The quality and quantity of research/creative activity reflect a coherent agenda of work and suggest that significant contributions will be made over time.

*Not Satisfactory*: The candidate has made insufficient contributions in research/creative activity.

#### 4.3 Evaluation of Teaching

Within the University system, the term *teaching* refers to regularly scheduled instruction, curriculum and program development, directing undergraduate and/or graduate student work, counseling and advising of students in general, and other pedagogical activities. There are therefore four components of teaching: (1) course instruction, (2) curriculum and program development, (3) student advising and mentoring, and (4) additional activities.

#### a. Description of teaching.

- 1) Course instruction. Course instruction encompasses (a) classroom instruction, (b) online and distance education teaching, (c) the organization and facilitation of seminars and workshops that are related to curriculum needs, (d) studio teaching, (e) private instruction, (f) independent instruction involving one or more students on special topics, and (g) practicum instruction, professional supervision, and management of internship or field practicum placements. Specific sources of information to evaluate the candidate's course instruction shall include: (a) the candidate's statement of teaching philosophy as found in their personal statement; (b) peer review of the candidate's syllabi, assignments, and/or other teaching materials; (c) peer observation of the candidate's course instruction, seminars, workshops, and other public presentations; (d) information from student course evaluations; and (e) Student Advisory Committee (SAC) reports. Other information about teaching, including, for example, a teaching portfolio, teaching awards, observation of the candidate's teaching, or evaluation of the candidate's teaching done by personnel from the University's Center for Teaching and Learning Excellence (CTLE) may also be included if the candidate so chooses.
- 2) Curriculum and program development. Academic programs require significant investments of faculty time in ongoing curriculum/program development and maintenance. The contributions of a candidate to such efforts, beyond regular teaching assignments, may therefore be considered as part of contributions in the area of teaching. Examples of these kinds of contributions include the development and teaching of new courses or other teaching materials, as well as work on or with the Division or School curriculum committees.
- 3) Student advising and mentoring. Work with undergraduate and graduate students outside of the classroom is also an important component of teaching. Activities of primary importance in this area include (a) general student advising and mentoring; (b) chairing and serving on undergraduate or graduate student committees; and (c) including students in research, as co-authors in scholarly work and/or as collaborators in creative work. Contributions in this area are evaluated with respect to both quantity and quality.

- 4) Additional activities. Teaching may also include (a) invited teaching inside or outside the University, (b) teaching in the context of the performance process, such as directing students in rehearsals or performances, (c) teaching grants, (d) teaching awards, and (e) other relevant activities.
- a. <u>Summary rating scale for teaching</u>. Ratings on the three-point scale below reflect the joint consideration of the four components of teaching described above.

*Excellent*: The candidate has made substantial, sustained contributions in areas of course instruction, curriculum/program development, student advising and mentoring, and additional activities.

*Effective:* The candidate has made acceptable, sustained contributions in teaching. The candidate shows sufficient progress in the areas of course instruction, curriculum/program development, and student advising and mentoring to suggest that the eventual contributions in these areas will be significant.

Not Satisfactory: The candidate has made insufficient contributions in teaching.

#### 4.4 Evaluation of Service

Evaluations are made with respect to three areas of service: (1) professional service, (2) University service, and (3) public service. It is not necessary for a candidate to participate equally in all three service areas. Differing participation in the three service areas typically reflects the strengths and interests of individual faculty members.

- a. <u>Description of service.</u>
  - 1) <u>Professional service</u>. Professional service primarily takes place at a national and/or international level. This service may be oriented toward professional organizations and include such activities as holding offices; participating in the organization or operation of conferences, competitions, or festivals; serving as chair, discussant, or reviewer for presentations at professional meetings; serving on various professional committees, panels, or boards (e.g., accreditation boards); presenting professional workshops, and serving as an artist or consultant (as appropriate within University guidelines) for other colleges, universities, or professional organizations. Significant professional service contributions can also include serving as editor, associate editor, editorial review board member, or regular reviewer for scholarly or professional journals, as well as adjudicating for professional organizations and competitions.
  - 2) <u>University service</u>. This category includes service to the Division, School, and overall institution. A candidate's shared-governance activities, including chairing and/or serving on standing and ad hoc committees, councils, and task forces; serving in administrative positions; or serving as a participant in official events at any of these levels, represent valuable University service contributions.
  - 3) <u>Public service</u>. This category includes service related to the candidate's area of expertise in various local, regional, national, and/or international public settings and can take many

forms, e.g., serving on boards and committees for governmental and/or non-profit organizations, and/or consulting with or providing direct service to community agencies as appropriate within University guidelines.

b. <u>Summary rating scale for service</u>. Ratings on the three-point scale below reflect the joint consideration of service contributions in the three areas described above.

*Excellent*: The candidate has made substantial, sustained contributions to the profession, the University, and/or the public.

*Effective:* The candidate has made acceptable contributions in service. The candidate shows sufficient commitment to service in at least one area, suggesting that the eventual contributions of the candidate will be significant.

Not Satisfactory: The candidate has made insufficient contributions in service.

## **5. RPT Procedures**

#### 5.1 Participants

The following are the normal participants in RPT reviews:

- a. <u>Candidate.</u> The faculty member under review for retention, promotion, tenure, or tenure and promotion.
- b. **Division Chair**. The administrative head of the Division
- c. <u>Student RPT Advisory Committee (RPT-SAC)</u>. The RPT-SAC is a committee made up of representatives of students in the Division. Each committee shall have 3 members appointed by the Division Chair. The RPT-SAC shall elect its own chair.
- d. <u>Peer Teaching Reviewers</u>. Peer Teaching Reviewers are tenured faculty members who write peer teaching review reports based on review of teaching materials and observation of teaching.
- e. <u>Shared-appointment unit</u>. This is another academic unit of the University, in which an RPT candidate under review currently has substantial responsibilities, but in which they do not hold a tenure-line position. (See University Policies <u>6-001</u> and <u>6-300</u>)
- f. External Evaluators. These experts from outside the University of Utah evaluate the candidate's research/creative activity. Each external evaluator must have a demonstrated record of excellence in the candidate's field, and must hold the same or higher faculty rank or commensurate experience as that for which the candidate is being considered in this review or the next promotion review. An external evaluator shall not be a family member, the advisor or mentor of the candidate, or a close collaborator. A candidate will have the opportunity before evaluations are solicited to identify these relationships and any conflicts with any other potential evaluators, all of whom shall be excluded from the list of external evaluators.

- g. <u>Division RPT Advisory Committee</u>. Voting membership of the Division RPT Advisory Committee is determined by University Regulations for each specific RPT action. Per University Policy, tenured faculty members vote on a recommendation for retention or tenure, and tenure-line faculty members at the same or higher rank vote on a recommendation for promotion-in-rank. (<u>Policy 6-303</u> provides full details, including rules governing absentee voting). Qualified members of the Committee attend and participate in its meetings and vote on its recommendations. The Committee may agree to invite others to attend and participate in the meeting as provided by University Regulations; however, other invited participants do not vote on the Committee's RPT recommendations.
- h. **RPT Advisory Committee Chair.** The Chair of the RPT Advisory Committee is a tenured member of the Division faculty, elected annually during the Spring Semester, by majority vote of all tenure-line faculty
- i. <u>Secretary</u>. The Committee Chair designates a Committee member as Secretary for each candidate to prepare a report of the Committee meeting regarding the assigned candidate.
- j. Ad Hoc Review Subcommittee. This Subcommittee prepares a report about an RPT candidate for consideration by the RPT Advisory Committee. The Chair of the RPT Advisory Committee, in consultation with the candidate, appoints the Subcommittee chair and its other members (total of three 3) for a formal review. The members are tenured and qualified by rank to vote on the RPT Advisory Committee's recommendations regarding the candidate.

#### **5.2 Informal Review Procedures**

# a. Purpose of informal reviews

Informal reviews of tenure-track faculty shall take place in every year of the probationary period in which a formal review is not conducted.

An informal review provides a candidate with guidance and constructive feedback on their progress toward meeting RPT expectations. A primary function is to provide advice on developing the file for the formal review process, focusing particular attention on the materials appropriate to each of the three areas of evaluation: (1) research/creative activity, (2) teaching, and (3) service.

#### b. First-Year Informal Review

The first-year informal review will be conducted during the Spring Semester to identify and address any problems that have arisen and to provide mentorship to the candidate. The Division Chair shall review the candidate's research/creative activity, Course Feedback Reports, and service, and shall meet with the candidate to discuss the review and any problems with research/creative activity, teaching, or service. The Candidate's Mentor may also attend the meeting. The Division Chair shall then prepare a brief written report copied to the candidate and placed in the RPT file. Within five (5) business days, the candidate may submit a written response to the report to the Department Chair, who shall add it to the RPT file.

#### c. Informal Reviews after the First Year

The file materials provided by the candidate for an informal review shall normally consist of (i) an up-to-date curriculum vitae; (ii) a personal statement that includes a summary of the candidate's progress to date in the areas of research/creative activity, teaching, and service; a description of the research/creative activity agenda; a description of teaching philosophy; and a description of current activities and future plans in research, teaching, and service; and (iii) evidence of research/creative activity. The candidate may choose to submit relevant supplementary material. These materials should be submitted by the candidate to the Division Chair by August 30 and may be updated until the close of the file on September 15.

In the case of a candidate whose tenure-line is held in Gender Studies but also has a shared appointment in another academic unit, the Division Chair shall notify the appropriate administrator of the other unit in writing of the informal review by April 1 and invite the unit to submit a report with that unit's perspective on the candidate's progress toward tenure, which should be submitted to the Division by October 1. Any materials forthcoming from such a unit will be added to the RPT file and a copy provided to the candidate.

The Division Chair will add to the file Course Feedback Reports from University of Utah courses. If the candidate so chooses, they may provide course evaluations from other institutions, which the Division Chair will then add to the file.

The Division Chair will also add to the file any appropriate materials regarding evidence of faculty responsibility.

RPT-SACs are not asked to submit a report for, and external evaluators are not involved in, an informal review.

The RPT Advisory Committee shall meet to discuss the file, agree on feedback to be provided to the candidate, and write a summary report, which the RPT Advisory Committee Chair shall place in the candidate's file. After studying the candidate's file, the Department Chair shall add a report to the file. The candidate may provide a written response to the reports within five (5) business days, which the Department Chair shall place in the file. After the informal review, the Division Chair shall meet with the candidate to discuss the reports, as well as the candidate's progress toward tenure. The informal review normally concludes at this point.

If the Division Chair or a majority of members of the RPT Advisory Committee conclude that circumstances call for triggering a formal review, one shall begin in accord with University Policy. The triggered formal review shall occur the following fall unless a majority of the RPT Advisory Committee votes to proceed with the review in the current academic year. Regardless of when the review occurs, the Division Chair must provide written notice of the triggered formal review to the candidate no less than 30 calendar days prior to conducting the review.

#### **5.3 Formal Review Procedures**

A mid-probationary formal retention review, a triggered formal retention review, a formal tenure review, and a formal promotion (either to Associate Professor or to Professor) review follow the same format.

#### a. <u>Division Chair Responsibilities.</u>

By February 1, the Division Chair will determine the obligatory RPT reviews for the upcoming academic year and will notify, in writing, the faculty members required to be reviewed. The Department Chair will also invite any other tenured and tenure-track faculty members wishing to be formally reviewed for promotion or tenure to submit a letter requesting review to the Division Chair by April 1. For each candidate being reviewed, if required, the Department Chair will request nominations from the candidate for external evaluators and request that the candidate submit the signed waiver/non-waiver form governing the confidentiality of external evaluations.

At least three weeks prior to the convening of the RPT Advisory Committee, and at least two weeks prior to the file closing date, the Department Chair shall invite any interested faculty and staff members in the Department to submit, by the file closing date, signed written recommendations for the file of any candidate if they so choose, with specific reasons for each recommendation.

In the case of a candidate who has a shared appointment, the Division Chair shall notify the administrator of the other unit in writing of the formal review by April 1 and invite the unit to submit a report, which shall include that unit's perspective and recommendation on the RPT action(s) under consideration. The shared-appointment unit will submit the report to the Department Chair by October 1.

The Department Chair will add the shared-appointment unit report to the RPT file and copy to the candidate. Within five (5) business days, the candidate may submit a response to the report.

At least three weeks prior to the closing of the file, the Department Chair shall notify the college's ASUU Student Senator and the Department RPT-SAC(s) of the upcoming review, inform them that their report(s) shall be due by the file closing date, and ensure training for all RPT-SAC members. Training shall cover, but need not be limited to, the process for and importance of student input into the RPT process, teaching expectations under the departmental RPT Statement, and recognition of unconscious bias. The Department Chair shall also provide the RPT-SAC(s) with a copy of the University's form for RPT-SAC reports. Following training, the Department Chair shall provide the RPT-SAC members with the candidate's relevant teaching-related materials (including at least two different forms of evidence).

b. Meeting and Report of Student RPT Advisory Committee (RPT-SAC). The RPT-SAC shall meet to discuss the candidate's teaching file. Using the University's approved RPT-SAC Report form, the RPT-SAC writes and submits a report evaluating the candidate's teaching achievements in accord with University Regulations and using the same standards for

teaching as are listed above: excellent, effective, not satisfactory. The report must draw on the required number of evidence categories, as per current guidance from the Office for Faculty (Course Feedback Forms alone are not sufficient) to support and illustrate the evaluation, articulating as specifically as possible the reasons for the evaluation. All Committee members who attend the meeting will sign the report.

- c. <u>Assignment by RPT Advisory Committee Chair</u>. The elected RPT Advisory Committee Chair will assign a Secretary for each candidate—and, in consultation with the candidate, appoint members to and select a chair for the Ad Hoc Review Subcommittee.
- d. <u>Peer Teaching Reviewers</u>. By February 1, the Division Chair shall select at least two Peer Teaching Reviewers and then ensure that each Reviewer submits a Peer Teaching Review report to the Division Chair, who shall add the Peer Teaching Review reports to the candidate's file prior to the file closing date.
- e. External Evaluators. Candidates must provide a list of five (5) potential external evaluators and provide any information about potential conflicts by February 15. The Division Chair, after consulting with the RPT Advisory Committee Chair and the Ad Hoc Review Subcommittee Chair, and considering the list of potential evaluators submitted by the candidate as well as any information about any conflicts, will solicit no fewer than four (4) external evaluations for each formal tenure review and formal promotion (either to Associate Professor or to Professor) review.

External evaluators are not required for a mid-probationary formal retention review; however, three (3) external evaluators are required for a triggered formal retention review in which a majority of the RPT Advisory Committee votes that the quality of the candidate's research/creative activity is at issue.

The Division Chair will send potential external evaluators a standard solicitation letter, including notification of whether the candidate has or has not waived their right to see the evaluations, and will provide the external evaluators with the Gender Studies RPT Standards. External evaluators will be notified that they will receive the candidate's materials no later than June 1 and shall be asked to submit their evaluations no later than August 1.

At least one (1) external evaluator will be from the candidate's list, and at least one (1) external evaluator will not be on the candidate's list. External evaluators may be used for more than one formal RPT review.

f. RPT File Contents and File Closing Date. A candidate's file will open no later than August 15 and close no later than September 15 (except for any report from a shared unit due October 1 and materials specified as being added subsequent to the Advisory Committee meeting).

Candidate Responsibilities for File Contents. Prior to June 1, the candidate is obligated to submit the following items for inclusion in the file: (i) a currentvita, (ii) copies of publications and/or other forms of research/creative activity, (iii) a personal statement that includes a summary of the candidate's progress to date in the areas of research/creative

activity, teaching, and service; a description of the research/creative agenda; a description of teaching philosophy; and a description of current activities and future plans in research/creative activity, teaching, and service, and (iv) course syllabi. The candidate may choose to submit other relevant materials, including course evaluations from outside the University and updates of materials, up to the file closing date. (See Appendix A)

Division Responsibilities for File Contents. Prior to the file closing date, the Division Chair shall ensure that thefile includes: (i) current University of Utah Course Feedback Reports results, (ii) available RPT-SAC reports, (iii) any written recommendations from division faculty and staff, (iv) external evaluator reports (treated as confidential as appropriate), (v) peer teaching reviews; (vi) reports and recommendations from all past reviews, as well as the candidate's CV at the time of each past review and (vii) any other required materials such as evidence of faculty responsibility. Any report received from a shared-appointment unit must be submitted and included in the file by October 1; and any candidate response must be submitted within five (5) business days following receipt of the report. (See Appendix A)

g. Candidate's Rights to Comment on File. No later than five (5) business days after the file closing date, a candidate has the right to submit a written response to the RPT Advisory Committee Chair, who shall add the response to the file. If a shared-appointment unit submits a report, the candidate must have the opportunity to submit a response no later than five (5) business days following receipt of the report and no fewer than two (2) business days prior to the RPT Committee meeting.

# h. <u>Division RPT Advisory Committee Meeting and Subsequent Steps</u>

- 1. Division RPT Advisory Committee Action. The full RPT Advisory Committee will meet after receiving any report from a shared-appointment unit, but no later than October 15. Each Committee member is responsible for reviewing the file prior to the meeting. The Committee will discuss the record as it pertains to each of the relevant criteria (research/creative activity, teaching, and service). Unless the majority moves to an executive session to exclude non-voting participants per University Policy, the Division Chair may attend the meeting and, upon invitation by the majority of members, may participate in the discussion and submit evidence and opinions but shall not vote on the Committee's recommendations. Committee members will vote by secret ballot separately on a recommendation as to each RPT action for each candidate (e.g., a vote on recommendation for tenure is taken and recorded separately from a vote on recommendation for promotion of that candidate).
- 2. Absent RPT Advisory Committee Members. Whenever practicable, the Division Chair will advise all members on leave (or otherwise absent) of the proposed action and shall request their written opinions and votes in advance of the meeting. Absent members' written opinions shall be disclosed at the meeting and their votes will be counted and recorded the same as other votes.
- 3. *Quorum*. Quorum of the RPT Advisory Committee consists of two-thirds of its members, except that any member unable to attend the meeting because of formal leave of absence or other unavoidable reasons (e.g., illness), and not submitting their written

opinion and vote, shall not be counted in the number required for quorum.

- 4. RPT Advisory Committee Report. The report of the meeting should reflect the nature of the discussion with major points on both sides revealed. It should explain both affirmative and negative votes, and should present relevant and specific evidence from the file. The report should be comprehensive enough to allow others to get a sense of the discussion and not just a summary or the conclusions. Additionally, it should include consideration of the RPT-SAC report and the shared-appointment unit report (if present). The report, including vote counts for each recommendation, should be signed by the Secretary, approved by the Committee Chair, and made available for inspection by the Committee members. After allowing an inspection period of not less than two (2) business days nor more than five (5) business days, and after such modifications as the Committee approves, the Secretary shall forward the summary report to the Department Chair and the candidate, along with a list of all faculty members present at the meeting.
- 5. Confidentiality. The Committee Chair shall inform the candidate of the Committee recommendation as soon as possible. All Committee votes and deliberations are personnel actions and must be treated with confidentiality in accordance with University Policy and state and federal law. Members of the Committee are enjoined not to convey the substance or outcomes of committee deliberations to candidates. Candidates may not ask questions about the Committee's deliberations outside of the conversation the candidate has with the Committee Chair about the Committee's meeting and recommendation.
- 6. Division Chair Action. After studying the entire file relating to each candidate, the Division Chair shall prepare a written evaluation and recommendation as to each RPT action, including specific reasons for the recommendation with specific evidence presented, and then place a copy in the RPT file and provide an exact copy to the candidate. The candidate will then have the option to provide, within seven (7) business days, a written statement in response to the report of the RPT Advisory Committee and/or the recommendation of the Division Chair. The Division Chair shall place any written response submitted by a candidate in the candidate's file, without comment.
- 7. Actions and Appeals Procedures Beyond the Division Level. Subsequent procedures are described in University Regulations and any relevant College Council Charter.

# **Appendix A: RPT File Contents**

In order for the RPT process to operate effectively, and to ensure that all candidates receive the most accurate reviews possible, certain participants in the RPT process have responsibilities for placing certain materials in the file. All materials listed below are to be added by the file closing date and are considered for the RPT Advisory Committee meeting. Additionally, the report of the RPT Advisory Committee meeting, recommendation of the Division Chair, and any candidate responses to either, are added subsequently.

#### Candidate's Responsibility

It is the candidate's responsibility to provide the following documentation to the Division Chair for inclusion in the RPT file. The candidate should provide all teaching materials early enough for Peer Teaching Reviewers and RPT-SAC to use this material for their reports.

- 1. Curriculum Vitae. The CV should include at least the following:
  - a. All research publications, creative works, and/or community-based participatory research since the beginning of the candidate's professional career. Please state if acceptance was based on peer review or another selection method. For publications, please list inclusive page numbers.
  - b. Conference papers presented and presentations given. Please state if the presentation was selected by peer review or was a result of an invitation.
  - c. Grants and fellowships applied for and received.
  - d. Honors received for research/creative work.
  - e. Graduate student committees served on or chaired.
  - f. Individual student research supervised.
  - g. Teaching awards or teaching recognition received.
  - h. All courses taught.
  - i. Service activities for the University, profession, and public.

CVs should be dated. If the candidate updates their CV after it is sent to external evaluators, both versions of the CV should be included in the file and clearly identified.

- 2. <u>Personal Statement</u>. This document includes the candidate's current activities and progress and accomplishments to date, research/creative agenda, teaching philosophy, and future plans in research/creative activity, teaching, and service.
- 3. Copies of publications/creative works, including title page of authored or edited books.
- 4. Documentation of creative works, such as still images, video, and/or sound files.
- 5. <u>Course syllabi</u> for all courses taught (in the past year for informal reviews; since the previous formal retention review for formal retention reviews; and the most recent syllabi for all courses taught since appointment for tenure and promotion review or for the past five years for promotion to professor review) and such additional assignments, exams, and handouts the candidate chooses to include.

- 6. Other relevant materials may be included, such as a teaching portfolio, course evaluations from other institutions, peer teaching reviews, or letters from faculty, staff, or interested individuals. If the candidate has had personnel from the Center for Teaching and Learning Excellence observe teaching or review teaching materials, the candidate may wish to include a resulting evaluation in the file. Where the candidate's role in particular research/creative activity is unclear, the candidate may include letters from collaborators describing the candidate's contribution to the work.
- 7. Candidate response(s) to any file contents, if desired.

# **Division's Responsibility**

It is the Division Chair's responsibility to include the following documentation in the candidate's RPT file prior to the file-closing date.

- 1. Peer Teaching Review reports based on review of teaching materials and observation of teaching.
- 2. All Course Feedback Reports from University of Utah courses since the last formal review (with a maximum of five years required for post-tenure promotion to Professor). For formal reviews for tenure, all evaluations since appointment.
- 3. RPT-SAC report(s) (for the current formal review)
- 4. Any report received from a unit in which the candidate holds a shared appointment and any response by the candidate.
- 5. All previous reports submitted by all voting levels from all formal and informal reviews since appointment or the last formal RPT review (whichever is more recent). Previous RPT-SAC reports need not be included; but, the CV at the time of the last formal RPT review (or appointment, if no previous formal RPT review exists) must be included.
- 6. Other relevant materials, such as signed recommendations from faculty, staff, or interested individuals, consistent with University Regulations.
- 7. Evidence of faculty responsibility. This may include letters from the Division Chair describing the candidate's service to the Division and commenting on professional conduct. If an administrative reprimand has been issued, that reprimand as well as the latest findings, decisions, or recommendations from University committees or officials arising from the concerns about the faculty member that led to the reprimand will be included in the candidate's file.
- 8. External Evaluator Materials (when required), kept confidential if the candidate has waived the right to read:
  - a. Signed form evidencing candidate's waiver or retention of right to read
  - b. External evaluations
  - c. Qualifications of evaluators (normally a brief curriculum vitae)
  - d. Indication of who nominated each evaluator (candidate, Division Chair, RPT Advisory

# Chair, Ad Hoc Review Subcommittee Chair or Member)

- 9. Committee Reports
  - a. RPT Advisory Committee Report
  - b. Report of RPT Ad Hoc Subcommittee
  - c. Any candidate's response to RPT Ad Hoc Subcommittee Report
- 10. Division Chair's written evaluation and recommendation
- 11. Any candidate response to the Division Chair's report and/or the RPT Advisory Committee Report

# Appendix B: Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee and Senior Vice President Notices of Final Approval

Review Committee Approval:							
Lincoln Davies, Chair	3/1/2019 Date						
Senior Vice President Approval:							
Harriet W. Hyd Harriet Hopf, Designee	3/1/2019 Date						
Appendix C: Senior Vice President Revision 1 Approval  Senior Vice President Approval:							
Sarah Projansky, Designee	July 4, 2022 Date						
Appendix D: Senate Faculty Review Standards Committee and Senior Vice President Notices of Final Approval of Revision 2.							
Review Committee Approval:  Trina Rich, SFRSC Committee Secretary	April 28, 2023 Date						
Senior Vice President Approval:  Sarah Projansky, Designee	May 9, 2023 Date						